Sl. No.	Name of allottee and his/her designation with his/her residential address	Date of allotment	Date of Priority
	TYPE-V		
1.	Dr. Bikash Bagchi, D-II/24/1, Andrews Ganj, New Delhi.	01.07.97	
2.	Dr. R.K. Negi, D-II/21, Kidwai Nagar, New Delhi.	07.06.85	
3.	Dr. K. Shyam Mohan (Expired), 25-D, Dev Nagar, New Delhi. (At present residing his wife Smt. K. Sushma, Pharmacist)	30.01.92	
4.	Dr. S.C. Sharma, 23-D, Dev Nagar, New Delhi.	21.05.84	
5.	Dr. Chander Dutta, 24/15, M.B. Road, New Delhi.	22.09.97	
6.	Dr. T.K. Talukdar, D-II/18, Kaka Nagar, New Delhi.	29.09.91	
7.	Dr. (Mrs.) Sunanda Malhotra, D-II/A-24, Nanakpura, New Delhi.	16.06.93	
8.	Dr. K.G. Rao, D-II/368, Pandara Road, New Delhi.	22.12.93	
9.	Dr. G.D. Barik, 29-C, Press Road, New Delhi.	08.12.92	

Appraisal of Malaria Eradication Programme

210. SHRIMATI KAMLA SINHA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have made any recent appraisal of the Centrally sponsored Malaria Eradication Scheme to know the achievements since its inception;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) what strategy is contemplated by Government in the light of

the implementation of the scheme and the deficiencies, if any, identified?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI N.T. SHANMUGAM): (a) to (c) Critical Appraisal/review of the National Anti Malaria Programme (NAMP) have been carried out by way of Constitution of Committees/Task Forces since its inception and based on the recommendations of the Committees, necessary modifications made in the Programme from time to time. During December, 1994 the Programme was reviewed by the Hon'ble Prime Minister and an Expert Committee on Malaria appointed to identify the problem areas and formulate specific strategies to tackle the problem in such areas. Taking into account the recommendation of the Expert Committee, Malaria Action Programme (MAP) was formulated and implemented since 1995.

Further, Performance Appraisal of the NAMP for the period from 1992 to 1997 was conducted by the Comptroller & Auditor General (C&AG) of India. While expressing satisfaction on the Annual Blood Examination Rate (ABER), the C&AG in their report—Union Government (Civil) for the year ended March, 1998 *inter-alia* mentioned that incidence of malaria during the period remained between 21.26 lakhs to 30.36 lakhs.

The report further speaks about shortfall in spray operations, delay in providing presumptive and radical treatment in some cases and shortage of staff in the States thereby affecting implementation of the Programme.

The findings/observations in the report of the C&AG have been shared with the State Governments.

In view of the prevailing malaria situation, an Enhanced Malaria Control Project (EMCP) with World Bank support essentially covering 100 tribal predominant highly malaria endemic districts of 7 peninsular States namely Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Orissa, Gujarat, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan and 19 cities/towns having high endemicity of Malaria in these States and in the State of

Karnataka, Tamil Nadu & West Bengal is being implemented since September, 1997 to intensify malaria control activities by way of additional inputs through a mix of interventions as under:—

* Early case Detection and Prompt Treatment (EDPT) through use of newer drugs and Rapid Diagnostic kits.
* Selective Vector Control including use of Synthetic Pyrethroids in rural areas and Biolarvicides in urban areas.
* Promotion of personal protection methods by use of Medicated Mosquito Nets (MMS).
* Early detection and containment of epidemics.
* Information, Education and Communication towards personal prevention and Community participation.
* Institutional and Management capacity building manpower development through intensive re-orientation training programmes at all levels and efficient Management Information System (MIS).

Annual Programme Development Review (APDR) is an integral part of the EMCP.

Developing Common Interface Between Ayurveda and Western Medicine

211. SHRI PRAFULL GORADIA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Russia has approached India to depute practitioners of Ayurveda there;

(b) whether there is any proposal to develop common interface between Ayurveda and Western medicine; and

(c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI N.T. SHANMUGAM): (a) to (c) A Memorandum of Understanding entered into with the